

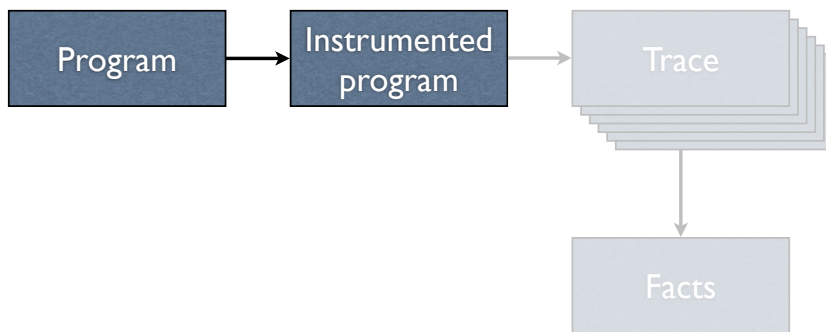




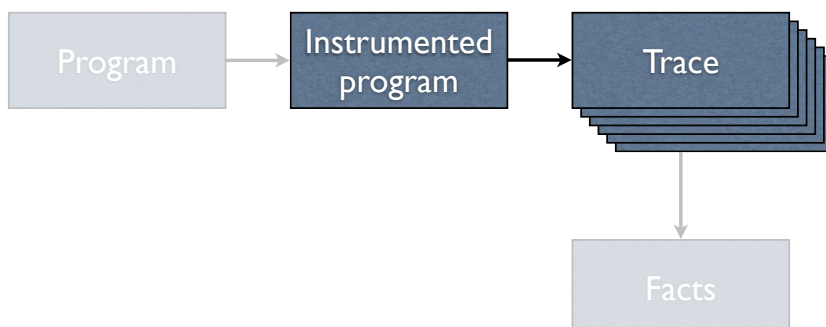
# Dynamic analysis: Instrumentation

```
...  
public String getSummary () {  
    try {  
        Tracer.entry ("getSummary entry on " + this.name);  
        StringBuffer summary = new StringBuffer ();  
        summary.append (this.name);  
        summary.append (" (");  
        summary.append (getTotalPrice ());  
        summary.append (")");  
        return summary.toString ();  
    }  
    finally {  
        Tracer.exit ("getSummary exit on " + this.name);  
    }  
}  
...
```

# Dynamic analysis: Instrumentation



# Dynamic analysis: Running



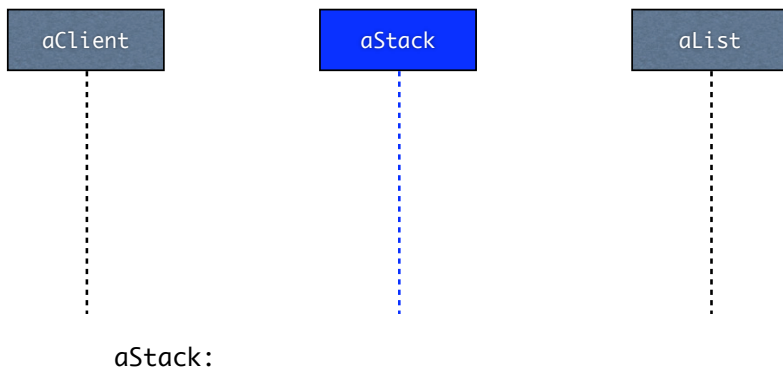


# AMPLE

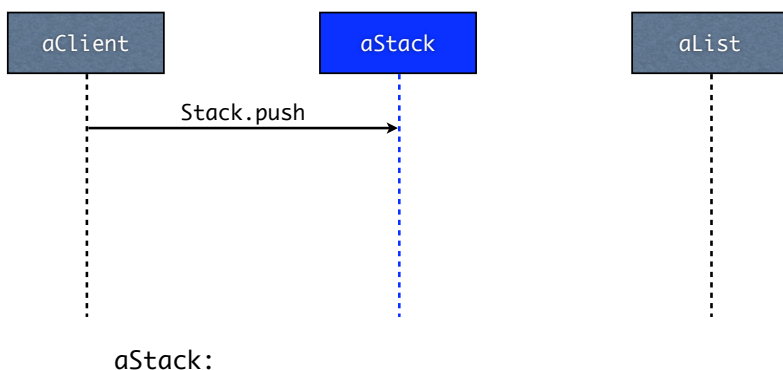
- Defect localization tool
- Uses dynamic analysis
  - Learns common program behavior
  - Uncommon behavior = defective component

Dallmeier, Valentin, Christian Lindig, and Andreas Zeller. 2005. Lightweight defect localization for Java. In *ECOOP 2005: Proceedings of the 19th European conference on object-oriented programming*, 528–550. Lecture Notes in Computer Science 3586. Berlin: Springer-Verlag.

## AMPLE: Tracing Objects



## AMPLE: Tracing Objects









# Dynamic analysis: Strengths

- Very precise
- Traces can be stored and reanalyzed
- Takes environment into account

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# Dynamic analysis: Weaknesses

- Inherently unsound
- Depends on quality of test cases
- Slows down the execution
- Takes environment into account

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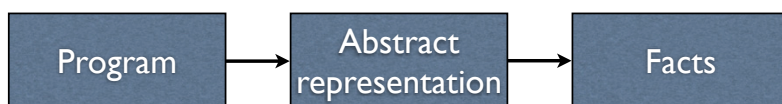
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# Static analysis: How does it work?



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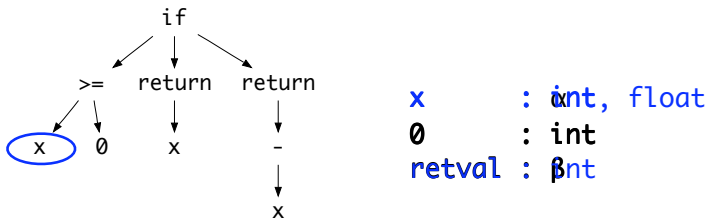
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# Static analysis: Facts extraction

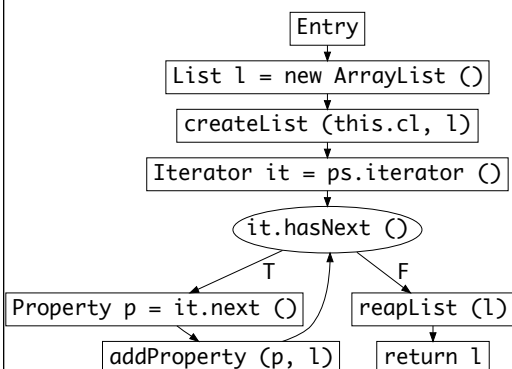


# JADET

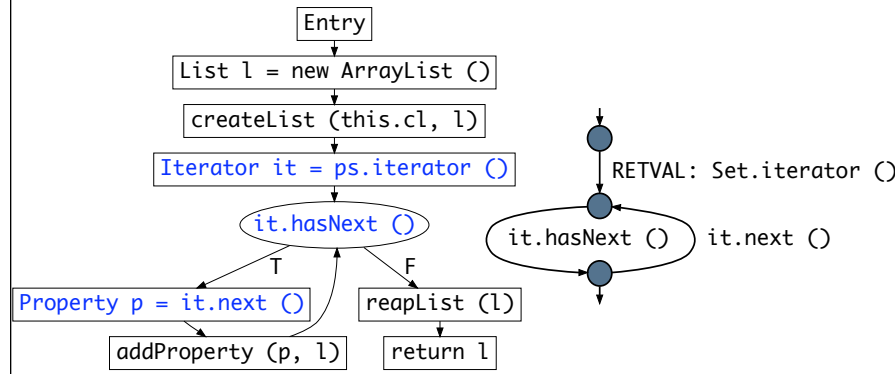
- Defect detection tool
- Uses static analysis
  - Learns common object usage
  - Uncommon usage = defective code

Wasylikowski, Andrzej, Andreas Zeller, and Christian Lindig. 2007. Detecting object usage anomalies. In *ESEC-FSE 2007: Proceedings of the 6th joint meeting of the European software engineering conference and the ACM SIGSOFT symposium on The foundations of software engineering*, 35–44. New York, NY: ACM.

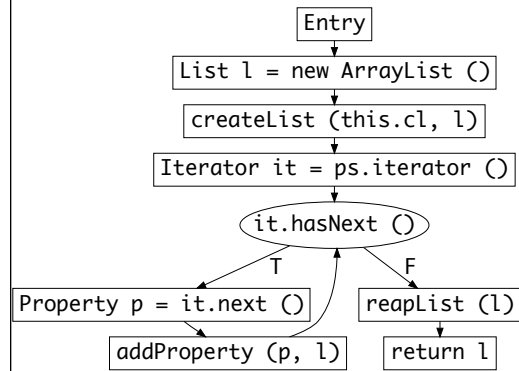
# JADET: Creating models



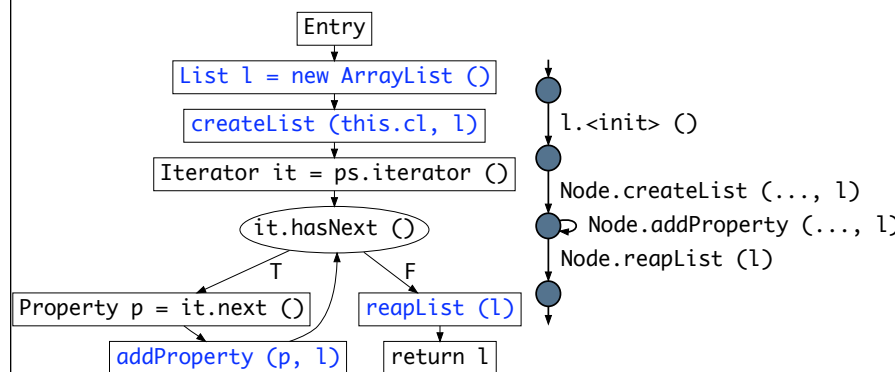
# JADET: Creating models



# JADET: Creating models



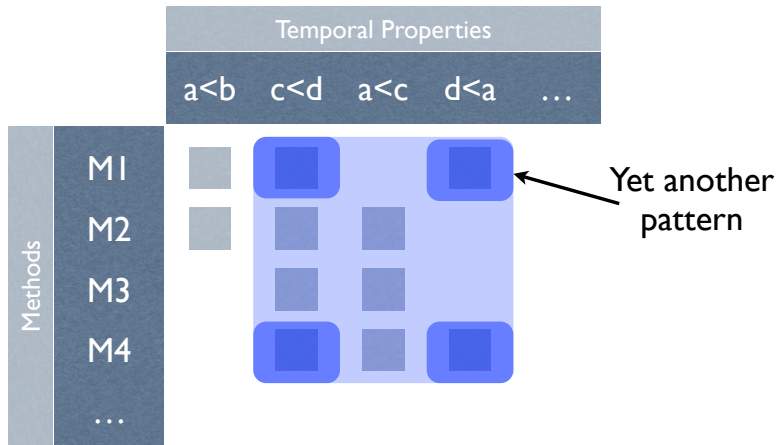
# JADET: Creating models



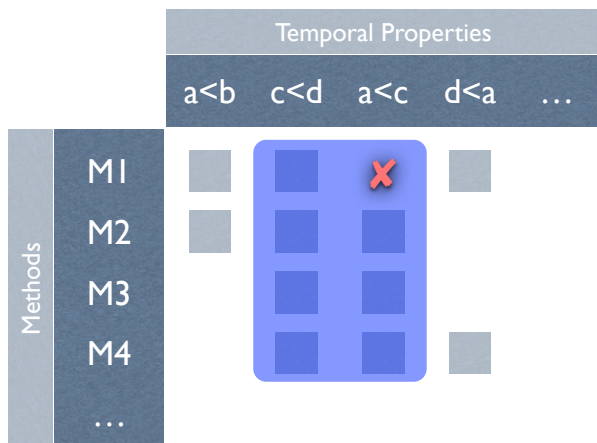




# JADET: Methods vs. properties



# JADET: Detecting violations



# Static analysis: Strengths

- Soundness (typically)
- Program need not be run
- Can be applied to parts only

# Static analysis: Weaknesses

- Imprecise (in general undecidable)
- Time- and memory-consuming
- Can be difficult to get done right

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# Hybrid analysis?

- Use static to drive dynamic
- Use dynamic to drive static
- True hybrid (multiple intertwined phases)

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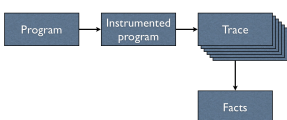
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## Program analysis: Overview

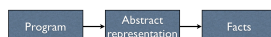
- Means of discovering facts about programs
  - Type correctness
  - Performance bottlenecks
  - Optimization possibilities
  - Potential defects
  - ...

# Summary

## Dynamic analysis: How does it work?



## Static analysis: How does it work?



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